

Dynamic Health CDS + Skills 是一項創新的實證資源，旨在幫助專科護理師 (NP)、醫師助理 (PA) 與相關護理人員掌握關鍵技術，並且能夠快速、準確地回答臨床問題，並培養臨床實證實務和批判性思維的邏輯思考，從而改善患者的治療效果。

為何要使用 *Dynamic Health CDS + Skills*?

- 你絕對能相信的內容：*Dynamic Health CDS + Skills* 內容是使用嚴格的實證醫學方法創建，這代表您可以信賴這些資訊，並且可與最新的臨床證據和當前最佳實務互相配合。
- 完整的內容涵蓋範圍：*Dynamic Health CDS + Skills* 內容非常豐富。您將找到核心臨床護理能力、疾病和病況、體徵和症狀、護理干預、測試和實驗主題等等的資訊。
- 快又正確的答案取得：*Dynamic Health CDS + Skills* 旨在為重點照護時出現的問題提供快速、準確和可立即操作的關鍵答案。

立即下載 *Dynamic Health App*
(Apple 與 Android)



我在 *Dynamic Health CDS + Skills* 中可以找到什麼資源？



疾病與病徵主題



身體警訊與症狀主題



實驗室相關主題



護理介入



護理專科技術



護理能力檢查表



藥物資訊專著



護理影片與圖像



行動裝置 App



繼續教育模組



一擊即可獲取全文

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Dynamic Health™ CDS + Skills



- ① **疾病和病況主題**
橫跨數個專科團隊的疾病和病況的全面概述
- ② **身體警訊和症狀** 針對可能表明身體異常情況的相關指導
- ③ **測試和實驗主題** 有關影像測試、實驗室測試、評估和診斷程序的相關資訊
- ④ **護理干預** 代替患者執行的治療和醫護行為指南
- ⑤ **護理技術** 一步一步說明指南和步驟清單，可幫助您完整掌握關鍵技術
- ⑥ **藥物指南** 來自 Davis' s 藥物指南的數以千筆值得信賴的藥物專著
- ⑦ **縮小檢索結果** 根據內容類型縮小檢索結果範圍，並且同時可輸入與您最相關的關鍵字
- ⑧ **影片與圖像** *Dynamic Health* 提供強大的多媒體來內容支援視覺學習者，您可以在搜索結果中發現這些資源或者可以在瀏覽一個主題時觀看相關影片或圖像
- ⑨ **快速連結** 快速跳轉到您在某個主題中需要的資訊
- ⑩ **輕鬆瀏覽** 在主題內搜索或使用附有連結的目錄進行瀏覽
- ⑪ **獲取臨床證據資訊** 直接連結到原始臨床證據資訊
- ⑫ **提供反饋意見** 我們希望收到您的建議，以協助我們改善 *Dynamic Health*。請讓我們了解錯誤、其他內容需求等

如果您在使用上有任何問題，歡迎您隨時聯絡我們，或是透過 EBSCO 臉書 (EBSCO Taiwan) 或 LINE 詢問。

加入 EBSCO LINE：



DynamicHealth™ CE 0.2 English asthma

Diseases & Conditions Signs & Symptoms Tests & Labs Care Interventions Skills Drug Guide Patient Handouts

SHOWING: asthma

7 MAIN (336) 8 VIDEOS IMAGES

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CONTENT TYPE

- ☐ Care Interventions (68)
- ☐ Diseases & Conditions (87)
- ☐ Signs & Symptoms (36)
- ☐ Skills (125)
- ☐ Tests & Labs (13)

PATIENT POPULATION

- ☐ Adult (219)
- ☐ Pediatric (200)

SPECIALTIES

- ☐ Allergy & Immunology (16)
- ☐ Cardiovascular Medicine (20)
- ☐ Dermatology (3)

PATIENT INSTRUCTION SKILL

Educating About Asthma in Pediatric Patients
Increasing parents' knowledge about asthma, its treatment, and preventing asthma attacks and complications

NURSING SKILL

Providing Care for Adults with an Asthma Exacerbation
Assessing patients with an asthma exacerbation and providing treatment to promote optimal pulmonary function

CARE INTERVENTION

Asthma Interventions, Child
Preventing/managing complications of and providing patient/family education about asthma

CARE INTERVENTION

Asthma Interventions, Adolescent
Preventing/managing complications of and providing patient/family education about asthma

DISEASE/CONDITION

Asthma, Maternal (Risk to Children)
Impact of maternal factors on asthma risk in children

CARE INTERVENTION

Asthma Interventions, Adult

Images

Asthma Contributing Factors

1. Not smoking
2. Avoid irritants
3. Stay active
4. Eat healthy
5. Cleanse
6. Control
7. Asthma
8. Tobacco smoke
9. Stress
10. Respiratory tract infection

Asthma Contributing Factors.

Videos

Asthma Management in Adults.

Feedback

DynamicHealth™ EBSCO Research CE 0.1 English Asthma, Adolescent

Diseases & Conditions Signs & Symptoms Tests & Labs Care Interventions Skills Drug Guide Patient Handouts

DISEASE/CONDITION

Asthma, Adolescent

10 CONTENT IMAGES (3) ABOUT

Description

Red Flags

Incidence/Prevalence

Etiology/Pathophysiology

Risk Factors

Prevention

Signs/Symptoms

Potential Complications

Diagnosis

Treatment Considerations

References

Description

Asthma is a chronic inflammatory airway disease characterized by bronchoconstriction, bronchial hyperreactivity, airway inflammation, and **airway remodeling**.

Effective asthma management helps preserve lung function, limit exacerbations (also called asthma attacks), and reduce emergency department utilization. In adolescents aged 12-17, the responsibility of asthma control gradually shifts from parent to patient.

Image 1: Asthmatic Airway.

Red Flags

- During severe asthma attacks, patient should be monitored for respiratory failure and care provider should prepare to provide ventilatory support. **Signs of impending respiratory failure** include cyanosis and diminished respiratory sounds and wheezing. ¹
- Adolescents with asthma are more than twice as likely as their non-asthmatic peers to die from suicide. They should be screened for depression and suicidality at follow-up visits. ²

Images

All (3)

Normal airway Asthmatic airway Asthmatic airway during attack

Asthmatic Airway.

Feedback